Organisational structures to support a whole-of-provider approach to learner wellbeing and safety

Outcome 1: A learner wellbeing and safety system

Providers must take a whole-of-provider approach to maintain a strategic and transparent learner wellbeing and safety system that responds to the diverse needs of their learners.

Phase in the gap analysis process:	PREPARE	MAKE SENSE	MAKE SENSE		
Key required processes	Information we can gather to use as evidence of our compliance with this clause	COMPLIANT	GAP (in evidence)	GAP (in practice)	
Process 1: Strategic goals and strategic plans Clause 7 (1). Providers must have strategic goals and strategic plans for supporting the wellbeing and safety of their learners across their organisation, including student accommodation, describing how they will – (a) give effect to the outcomes sought and processes required by this code; and	Being an online program this is more difficult to monitor, however communication systems are in place to monitor this. Student accommodation is not applicable for an online program	Yes			
(b) contribute to an education system that honours Te Tiriti o Waitangi and supports Māori– Crown relations.	This is honoured	Yes			

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Clause 7 (2). Providers must –			
 (a) regularly review their learner wellbeing and safety strategic goals and strategic plans as described in subclause (1); and 	This is constantly review as we are a small college with only a few dozen students who are contacted weekly	Yes	
(b) make amendments to their learner wellbeing and safety strategic goals and strategic plans within a reasonable timeframe following the review.	This is applied on an individual basis within a week of review	Yes	
 Clause 7 (3). Providers must work proactively with learners and stakeholders (and document this work) when – (a) developing their learner wellbeing and safety strategic goals and strategic plans described in subclause (1); and 	This is documented in the students application process and followed up in Personal Coaching sessions	Yes	
(b) reviewing their learner wellbeing and safety strategic goals and strategic plans described in subclause (2).	This is constantly reviews with Personal Coaching sessions	Yes	

 Process 2: Self review of learner wellbeing and safety practices Clause 8 (1). Providers must use strategic goals and strategic plans described in clause 7(1) to regularly review the quality of their learner wellbeing and safety practices to achieve the outcomes and practices of this code, at a frequency or by a date determined by the code administrator. 	Learner well being is constantly being reviewed during Personal Coaching sessions. Being an online program this is limited in terms of safety etc	Yes	
Clause 8 (2). Providers must review their learner wellbeing and safety practices using – (a) input from diverse learners and other stakeholders; and	Being an online college this is more difficult to gather and control. However there is constant communication with learners and stakeholders regarding this	Yes	
(b) relevant quantitative and qualitative data (including from learner complaints) that is, as far as practicable, and consistent with the provider's obligations under current privacy legislation, disaggregated by diverse learner groups.	Being a new small provider with a short history and only a few dozen students, there has been no complaints to act on	Yes	
Clause 8 (3). Providers must, in a timely manner, following a review described in subclauses (1) and (2) take appropriate action to address any deficiencies in learner wellbeing and safety practices.	Any deficiencies are acted upon immediately once being reviewed	Yes	

 Process 3: Publication requirements Clause 9. Providers must make the following information readily available, in accessible formats, to learners, staff and the general public, including on their websites (where available) – (a) strategic goals and strategic plans for supporting the wellbeing and safety of learners described in clause 7(1); and 	This is published on the website and during the initial contact	Yes	
(b) revisions to strategic goals and strategic plans for supporting the wellbeing and safety of learners described in clause 7(2); and	This is constantly being reviewed based on feedback	Yes	
(c) self-review reports on the quality of their learner wellbeing and safety practices described in clause 8.	Yes all communication is documented and reported	Yes	
Process 4: Responsive wellbeing and safety systems Clause 10 (1). Providers must gather and communicate relevant information across their organisation (including student accommodation) and from relevant stakeholders to accurately identify emerging concerns about learners' wellbeing and safety or behaviour and take all reasonable steps to connect learners quickly to culturally appropriate social, medical, and mental health services.	This is immediately acted upon once gathered	Yes	

Clause 10 (2). Providers must provide staff with ongoing training and resources tailored to their roles in the organisation, in relation to – (a) Te Tiriti o Waitangi; and	All the coaches are owners and educated in this area	Yes	
(b) the provider's obligations under this code; and	All the coaches are owners and educated in this area	Yes	
(c) understanding the welfare issues of diverse learner groups and appropriate cultural competencies; and	All the coaches are owners and educated in this area	Yes	
(d) identifying and timely reporting of incidents of racism, discrimination, and bullying; and	All the coaches are owners and educated in this area	Yes	
 (e) physical and sexual violence prevention and response, including how to support a culture of disclosure and reporting; and 	All the coaches are owners and educated in this area	Yes	
(f) privacy and safe handling of personal information; and	All the coaches are owners and educated in this area	Yes	
(g) referral pathways (including to local service providers) and escalation procedures; and	All the coaches are owners and educated in this area	Yes	
(h) identifying and timely reporting of incidents and concerning behaviours; and	All the coaches are owners and educated in this area	Yes	

 (i) wellbeing and safety awareness and promotion topics including – safe health and mental health literacy and support; and suicide and self-harm awareness; and promoting drug and alcohol awareness; and promoting healthy lifestyles for learners. 	All the coaches are owners and educated in this area	Yes	
Clause 10 (3). Providers must have plans for assisting learners, and responding effectively, in emergency situations in the learning or residential community (whether localised or more widespread), including – (a) making these plans readily available to learners when they begin their study; and	This is accomplished on an individual basis during personal coaching	Yes	
(b) ensuring that there are suitably prepared staff members available to be contacted by a learner, or learners, in the event of an emergency; and	Leaners have direct access to their personal coach	Yes	
(c) co-ordinating decision-making across the provider when responding to emergencies; and	The personal coach's are owners and can make decisions	Yes	
(d) disseminating timely, accurate, consistent, and accessible information to learners and staff during emergencies; and	This is done immediately by the personal coach	Yes	

imn acti	suring all relevant staff are aware of the indicators of minent danger to a learner or others and what tion they can reasonably provide to help make them fe; and	All owners and personal coach's are aware and is minimal being an online college	Yes	
eme invc imn	eping a regularly updated critical incident and hergencies procedures manual which guides staff volved in emergency situations which contains the mediate and ongoing actions required including – i. engaging with relevant government agencies (e.g. the New Zealand Police, Ministry of Health, New Zealand Qualifications Authority, Tertiary Education Commission); and ii. the follow-up de-briefing processes to support all learners and relevant staff; and	Being an online college, this is rare however it is in place	Yes	
rep and lear	cording critical incidents and emergencies and porting these back annually (at an aggregate level d, as far as practicable, disaggregated by diverse arner groups) to provider management, learners, her stakeholders, and the code administrator.	Critical incidents are all recorded however there are non being an online college	Yes	

Outcome 2: Learner voice

Providers understand and respond to diverse learner voices and wellbeing and safety needs in a way that upholds their mana and autonomy.

Phase in the gap analysis process:	PREPARE	MAKE SENSE		
Key required processes	Information we can gather to use as evidence of our compliance with this clause	COMPLIANT	GAP (in evidence)	GAP (in practice)
Process 1: Learner voice				
 Clause 12. Providers must have practices for – (a) proactively building and maintaining effective relationships with diverse learner groups within their organisation; and 	This is achieved through personal coaching	Yes		
(b) working with diverse learners and their communities to develop, review, and improve learner wellbeing and safety strategic goals, strategic plans and practices; and	This is achieved through personal coaching	Yes		
 (c) providing formal and informal processes for actively hearing, engaging with, and developing the diverse range of learner voices and those of their communities; and 	This is achieved through personal coaching	Yes		
 (d) providing timely and accessible resources to learners to support them and their learner communities to develop the necessary skills to enable them to participate fully in decision-making processes; and 	This is done immediately through the personal coach	Yes		

(e) providing timely and accessible information to learners to increase transparency of providers' decision-making processes.	This is done immediately through the personal coach	Yes	
Process 2: Learner complaints			
Clause 13. Providers must – (a) work with learners to effectively respond to, and process complaints (including appropriate engagement with support people); and	This is done immediately through the personal coach	Yes	
(b) inform learners on how the complaint will be handled and how it is progressing; and	This is done immediately through the personal coach, however w have had non being a small online college	Yes	
 (c) handle complaints in a timely and efficient way, including having practices that – are appropriate to the level of complexity or sensitivity of the complaint; and consider the issues from a cultural perspective; and iii. include the provision of culturally responsive approaches that consider traditional processes for raising and resolving issues (for example, restorative justice); and comply with the principles of natural justice; and 	This is done immediately through the personal coach, however w have had non being a small online college	Yes	

 (d) ensure that the complaints process is easily accessible to learners (and those supporting them), including having practices for – providing learners with clear information on how to use the internal complaints processes (including the relevant people to contact), and the scope and possible outcomes of the processes; and 	This is done through the personal coach, however w have had non being a small online college	Yes	
ii. addressing barriers to accessing this information (for example, due to language, lack of internet access, fear of reprisal, desire for anonymity), such as providing alternative ways of raising a complaint; and	Yes can be achieved through personal coaching session or email	Yes	
iii. providing an opportunity for a support person or people (who can be chosen by the learner) to guide and support the learner through the complaints process; and	The is a choice of personal coach to deal with different issues	Yes	
iv. providing the opportunity for groups of learners to make joint complaints; and	Can be achieved however it is on online college where students are not in groups	Yes	
(e) record complaints; and	All recorded at head office	Yes	
(f) report annually to provider management, learners, other stakeholders, and the code administrator (including on provider websites where available) on –		Yes	

 i. the number and nature of complaints made and their outcomes (at an aggregate level and, as far as practicable, disaggregated by diverse learner groups); and ii. learner experience with the complaints process and the outcome of their complaint; and 	Is reported however have had non due to being a small online college		
(g) promote and publicise complaint and dispute resolution processes available to learners including, but not limited to, the provider's internal complaints process, the education quality assurance agency complaints process, the code administrator's complaints process, and the Dispute Resolution Schemes; and	Can do but have had no complaints	Yes	
 (h) advise learners, on the next steps available to them if the provider does not accept the complaint (or the learner or provider perceives that the provider does not have the cultural competency to deal with it), or the learner is not satisfied that the provider has made adequate progress towards resolving the complaint, or the learner is not satisfied with the provider's internal complaints process or outcome, including – i. how to seek resolution of a contractual or financial dispute by way of a complaint or referral to an appropriate body or agency depending on the subject matter of the dispute, for example, the code administrator, the Dispute Resolution Scheme, the Disputes Tribunal, the Human Rights Commission or the Ombudsman; and 	There is a process for this however have had no complaints	Yes	

 ii. how to make a complaint to the code administrator if a learner believes that the provider is failing to meet the outcomes or requirements of this code. 			
 Process 3: Compliance with the Dispute Resolution Scheme Clause 14. Providers must ensure they are familiar with the relevant Dispute Resolution Scheme rules for domestic and international learners and ensure compliance with those rules in a dispute to which it is party. 	Yes	Yes	

Wellbeing and safety practices for all tertiary providers

Outcome 3: Safe, inclusive, supportive, and accessible physical and digital learning environments

Providers must foster learning environments that are safe and designed to support positive learning experiences of diverse learner groups.

Phase in the gap analysis process:	PREPARE	MAKE SENSE		
Key required processes	Information we can gather to use as evidence of our compliance with this clause	COMPLIANT	GAP (in evidence)	GAP (in practice)
 Process 1: Safe and inclusive communities Clause 16 (1). Providers must have practices for – (a) reducing harm to learners resulting from discrimination, racism (including systemic racism), bullying, harassment and abuse; and 	N/A as a small online college	Yes		
(b) working with learners and staff to recognise and respond effectively to discrimination racism (including systemic racism), bullying, harassment and abuse; and	NA as a small online college	Yes		
(c) promoting an inclusive culture across the learning environment; and	NA as a small online college	Yes		
(d) upholding the cultural needs and aspirations of all groups throughout the learning environment; and	Done through personal coaching	Yes		
 (e) providing all learners with information – i. that supports understanding, acceptance, and connection with all learners, and collective responsibility for an inclusive learning 	Done through personal coaching	Yes		

environment; an ii. about the cultural, spiritual, and community supports available to them; and			
(f) providing learners with accessible learning environments where they can connect with others, build relationships, support each other, and welcome their friends, families, and whānau.	NA as a small online college, however do refer to industry connections	Yes	
Process 2: Supporting learner participation and engagement			
Clause 17 (1). Providers must provide learners with opportunities to –	Done through personal coaching	Yes	
 (a) actively participate and share their views safely in their learning environment; and 			
(b) connect, build relationships and develop social, spiritual and cultural networks; and	Done through personal coaching	Yes	
 (c) use te reo and tikanga Māori to support Māori learners' connection to identity and culture. 	Done through personal coaching	Yes	
Clause 17 (2). Providers must have practices for supporting learners through their studies, including –	Done through personal coaching with a variety of learning tools	Yes	
 (a) enabling learners to prepare and adjust for tertiary study, and 			
(b) maintaining appropriate oversight of learner achievement and engagement; and	Done through personal coaching and online records	Yes	

 (c) providing the opportunity for learners to discuss, in confidence, any issues that are affecting their ability to study and providing learners with a response to their issues; and 	Done through personal coaching	Yes	
(d) providing learners with advice on pathways for further study and career development, where appropriate.	Done through personal coaching and career counselling	Yes	
Process 3: Physical and digital spaces and facilities Clause 18. Providers must have practices for— (a) providing healthy and safe learning environments; and	NA as an online college	Yes	
(b) identifying and, where possible, removing access barriers to provider facilities and services; and	NA as an online college	Yes	
(c) involving learners in the design of physical and digital environments when making improvements; and	NA as an online college	Yes	
(d) engaging with Māori and involving Māori in the design of physical and digital environments where appropriate.	NA as an online college	Yes	

Outcome 4: Learners are safe and well

Providers must support learners to manage their physical and mental health through information and advice, and identify and respond to learners who need additional support.

Phase in the gap analysis process:	PREPARE	MAKE SENSE		
Key required processes	Information we can gather to use as evidence of our compliance with this clause	COMPLIANT	GAP (in evidence)	GAP (in practice)
 Process 1: Information for learners about assistance to meet their basic needs. Clause 20 (1). Providers must have practices for enabling all learners and prospective learners to identify and manage their basic needs (the essential material requirements to support wellbeing and safety including housing, food and clothing), including providing accurate, timely and tailored information on how they can – (a) access services through the provider or through community and public services that will help them maintain reasonable standards of material wellbeing and safety; and (b) access suitable accommodation and understand their rights and obligations as a tenant in New Zealand; and (c) maintain a healthy lifestyle. 	NA as an online college	Yes		

Clause 20 (2). If food is made available by the provider on campus or in student accommodation, the provider must ensure that the food available includes a range of healthy food options that is obtainable at a reasonable cost.	NA as an online college	Yes	
Process 2: Promoting physical and mental health awareness			
Clause 21. Providers must have practices for –	Done through personal coaching	Yes	
 (a) providing opportunities and experiences for learners that improve their physical and mental health and wellbeing and safety; and 			
 (b) promoting awareness of practices that support good physical and mental health that are credible and relevant to learners; and 	Done through personal coaching	Yes	
(c) supporting learners' connection to their language, identity, and culture; and	Done through personal coaching	Yes	
 (d) providing accurate, timely information and advice to learners about – i. how they can access medical and mental health services through the provider or through community and public services, including culturally responsive services; and ii. how they can report health and safety concerns they have for their peers; and iii. how to respond to an emergency and engage with relevant government agencies; and iv. how they can make positive choices that 	Done through personal coaching however is an online college	Yes	

enhance their wellbeing.			
Process 3: Proactive monitoring and responsive wellbeing and safety practices. Clause 22 (1). Providers must have practices for –	NA as an online college	Yes	
 (a) requesting that domestic learners 18 years and over provide a name and up-to-date contact details of a nominated person; and 			
(b) describing the circumstances in which the nominated person referred to in paragraph (a) should be contacted in relation to their wellbeing and safety; and	NA as an online college	Yes	
(c) contacting the person nominated by domestic learners 18 years and over, in the circumstances described in accordance with paragraph (b), or where the provider has reasonable grounds for believing that the disclosure is necessary to prevent or lessen a serious threat to the student's life or health; and	NA as an online college	Yes	
(d) enabling learners to communicate health and mental health needs with staff in confidence, including accommodation staff, so that the provider can proactively offer them support; and	NA as an online college	Yes	
(e) providing opportunities for learners to raise concerns about themselves or others in confidence; and	NA as an online college but can be done through personal coach	Yes	
 (f) identifying learners at risk and having clear and appropriate pathways for assisting them to access services when they need it; and 	NA as an online college but can be done through personal coach	Yes	

 (g) identifying learners who are at risk of harming others, and having clear and appropriate pathways for assisting them to access services when they need it; and 	NA as an online college	Yes	
ii. protecting learners and staff who experience harm from other learners and/or staff, including sexual assault; and	NA as an online college	Yes	
(h) making arrangements with disabled learners or those affected by health and wellbeing difficulties to accommodate learning needs, including for study off- campus; and	NA as an online college	Yes	
 (i) responding to disruptive and threatening behaviour in a way that is sensitive to a learner's situation; and 	NA as an online college	Yes	
 (j) supporting learners whose study is interrupted due to circumstances outside their control, and providing inclusive, accessible re-entry processes for their transition back into tertiary study. 	Life Education is offered to all students and can recommence studies at anytime	Yes	
Clause 22 (2). Providers must have up-to-date contact details and next of kin for domestic tertiary learners under 18 and international tertiary learners.	NA as an online college and have no international students	Yes	
Clause 22 (3). Providers must contact the next of kin for domestic tertiary learners under 18 years and international tertiary learners if there is concern regarding the wellbeing or safety of a learner.	NA as an online college	Yes	

Clause 22 (4). Providers must maintain a record of reported risks, including any concerns raised in relation to the effective administration of this code.		Yes			
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